

AMIP II's Land-surface Energy Budgets

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AMIP II DSP 12



Land-surface Energy Budgets



- Investigating the partitioning of land-surface energy budgets of 20 AMIP II models reveals:
- Two clear clusters (SiBlings & buckets)
- SiBlings predict latent heat best
- Intermediate climates hardest for all models
- In wet climates:
 - models & reanalyses overestimate latent heat
 - cf. reanals models underest. LH & overest. SH
- LH spatio-temporal correlations best in wet climates and worst in arid ones
- Improvements are possible with learning

From AMIP I to AMIP II



- **What we learnt from AMIP I**
 - energy conservation was a problem
 - soil water stores evolved during simulations
 - no one LSS does best always
 - ensemble of all LSSs performs better than individuals
- **AMIP II process improved**
 - spin-up to gain equilibrium
 - improved reporting & of more fields
 - more LSSs participating - wider variety of capability
- **Current status**
 - 20 AMIP II AGCMs' simulations released for analysis
 - World leader investigating LS results and another AGCM LS reports are suspect as a result of DSP12

Participating Models & LSSs



- Models are: CCMA, CCSR, CNRM, COLA, DNM, ECMWF, GISS, GLA, JMA, MGO, MPI, MRI, NCAR, NCEP, PNNL, SUNYA, UGAMP, UIUC, UKMO, YONU (A-T but not this order)
- LSSs include: buckets (Manabe 1969), SVATs (e.g. BATS, SiB), newer LSSs (e.g. UKMO)
- Some overlaps among models & LSSs:
 - E & M same LSS & host AGCM; different resolution
 - F & N same LSS but different version of host model
 - I & J same LSS & host but different AGCM vert. res.
 - L & Q same LSS but different AGCMs

Investigation of Energy Partition

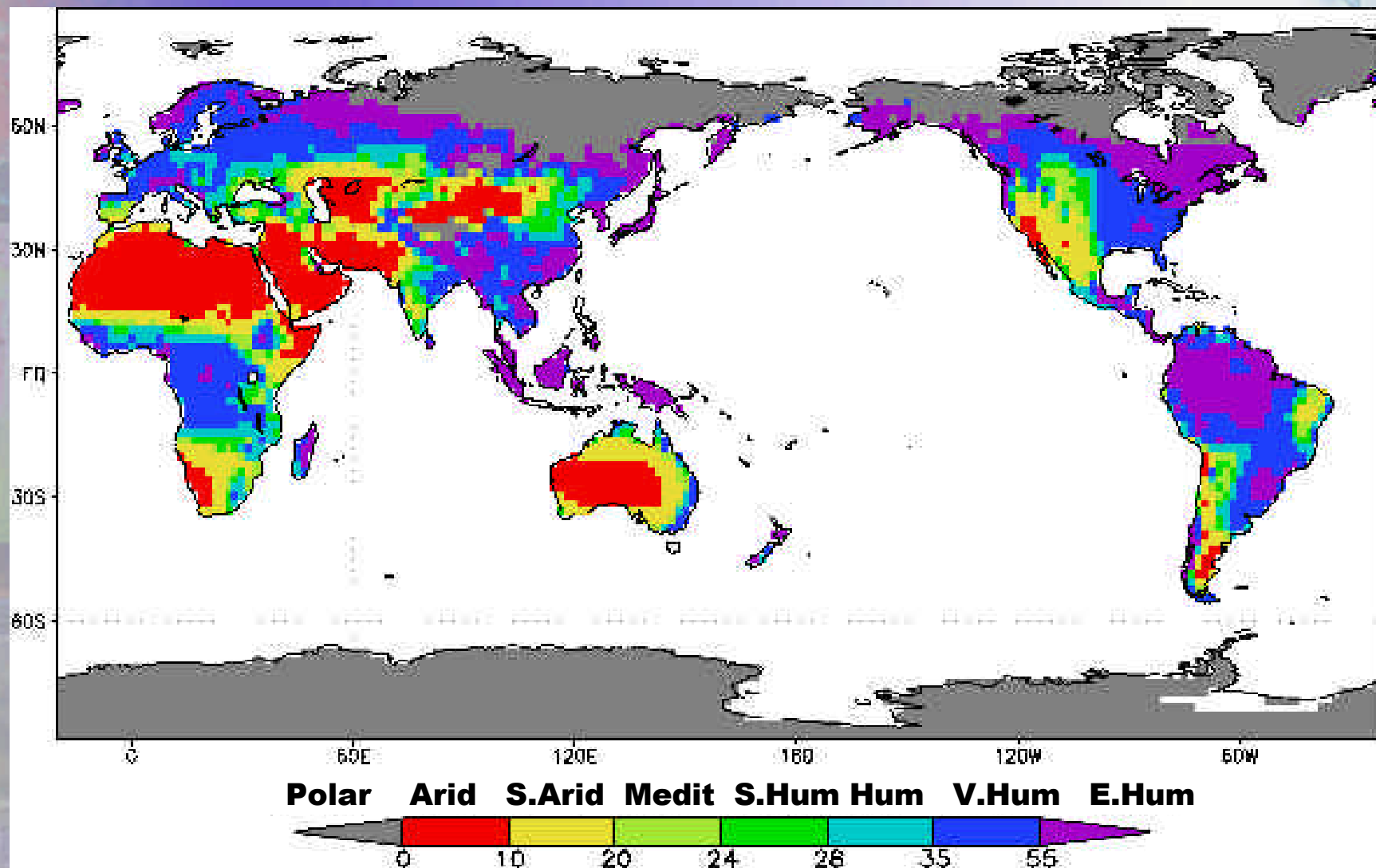


- **Search for validation data**
 - observations: none for global fields of interest eg LH
 - VIC: LSS forced off-line & calibrated on world rivers
 - reanalyses: ECMWF; NCEP-DOE; NCEP-NCAR
- **Homogenise for analysis**
 - all models' and reanalyses' data are analysed at T63
- **Sort by de Martonne climate types**

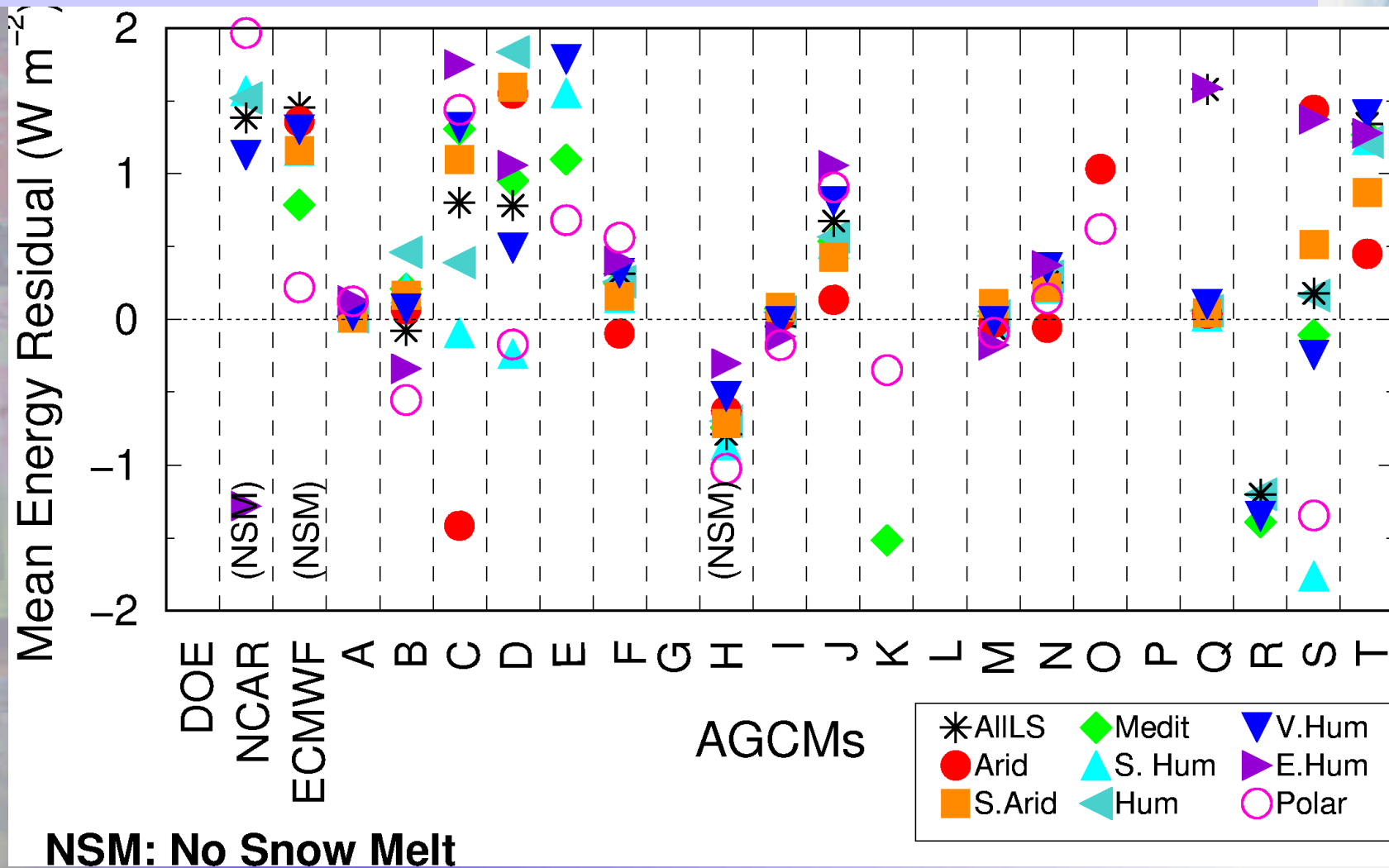
Index = Precip / (Temp + 10)

 - Precip is mean annual precipitation (mm); Temp is mean air temperature in °C; 7 types + Polar when Temp < -5 °C
 - Data: Precip from CMAP; Temp ensemble reanal
- **Review basic conservation**

De Martonne Climates



Land-surface Energy Budgets

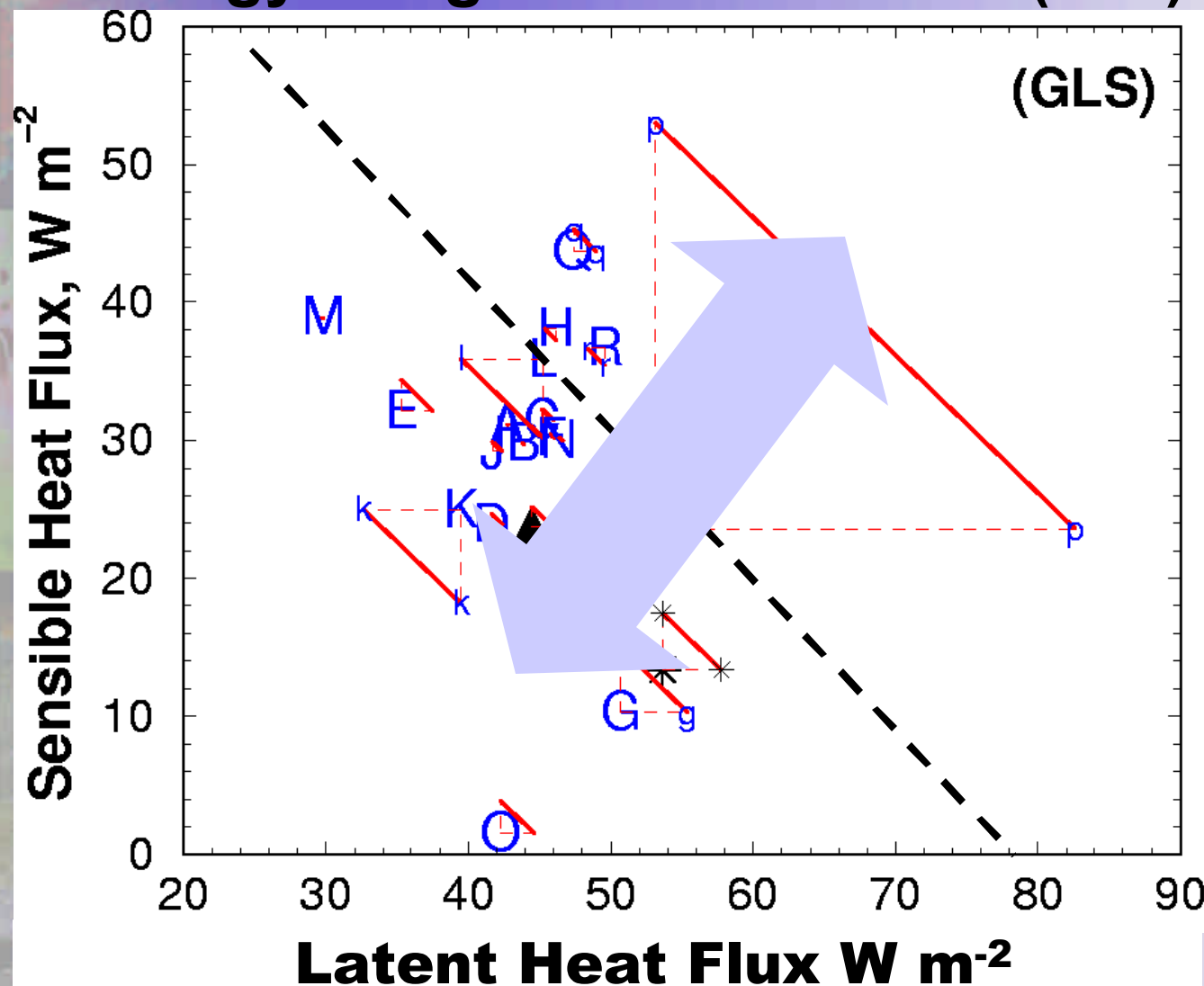


- Most models' SEB within $\pm 2 \text{ W m}^{-2}$

Land-surface Energy Partition



- Energy budgets of 20 models (A-T) & 3 reanalyses



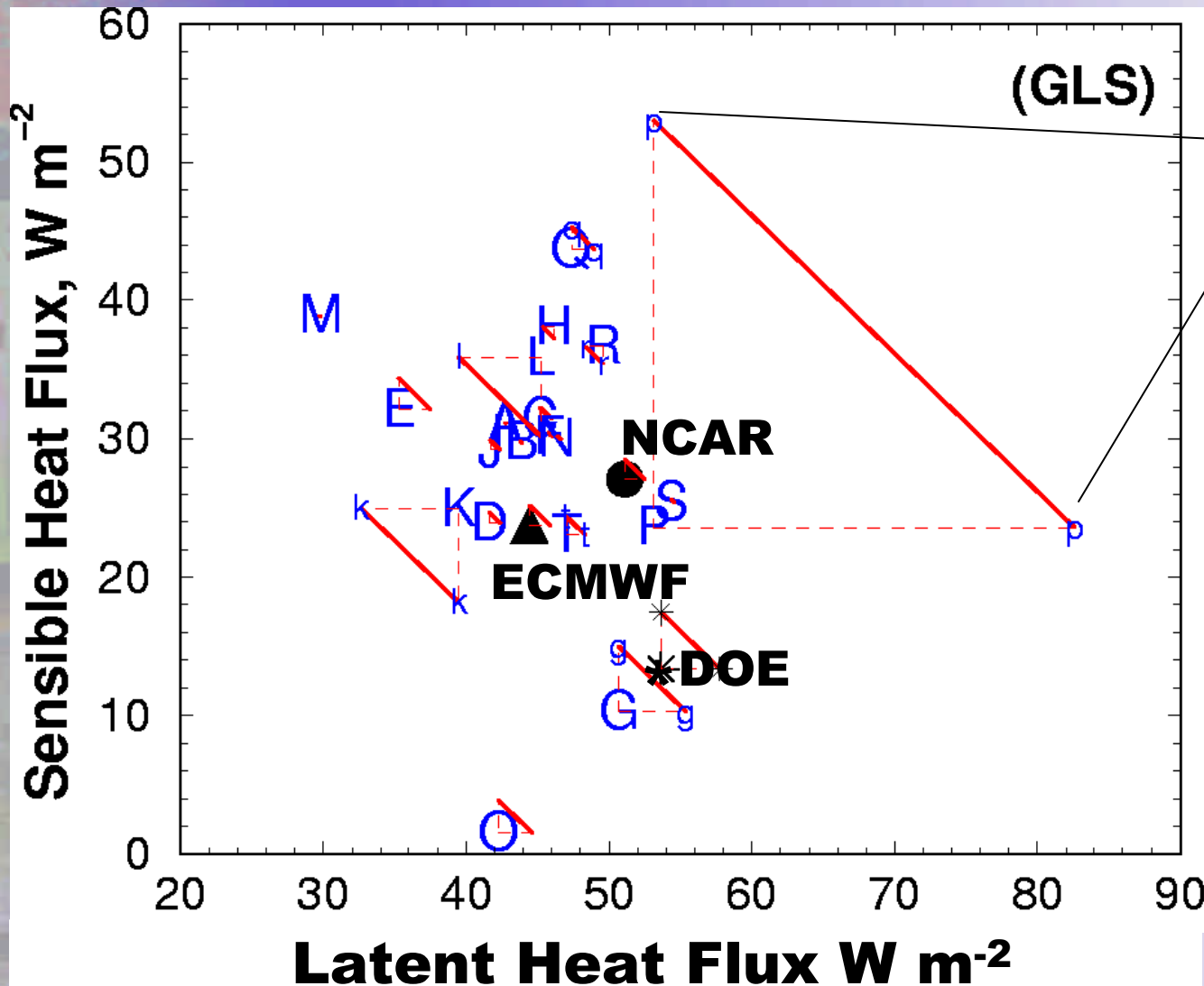
Scatter along diagonal shows differences in partitioning surface available energy

Scatter around diagonal is due to predictions of different values of surface available energy

Land-surface Energy Partition



- Energy budgets of all but 2 or 3 models $\pm 2 \text{ W m}^{-2}$



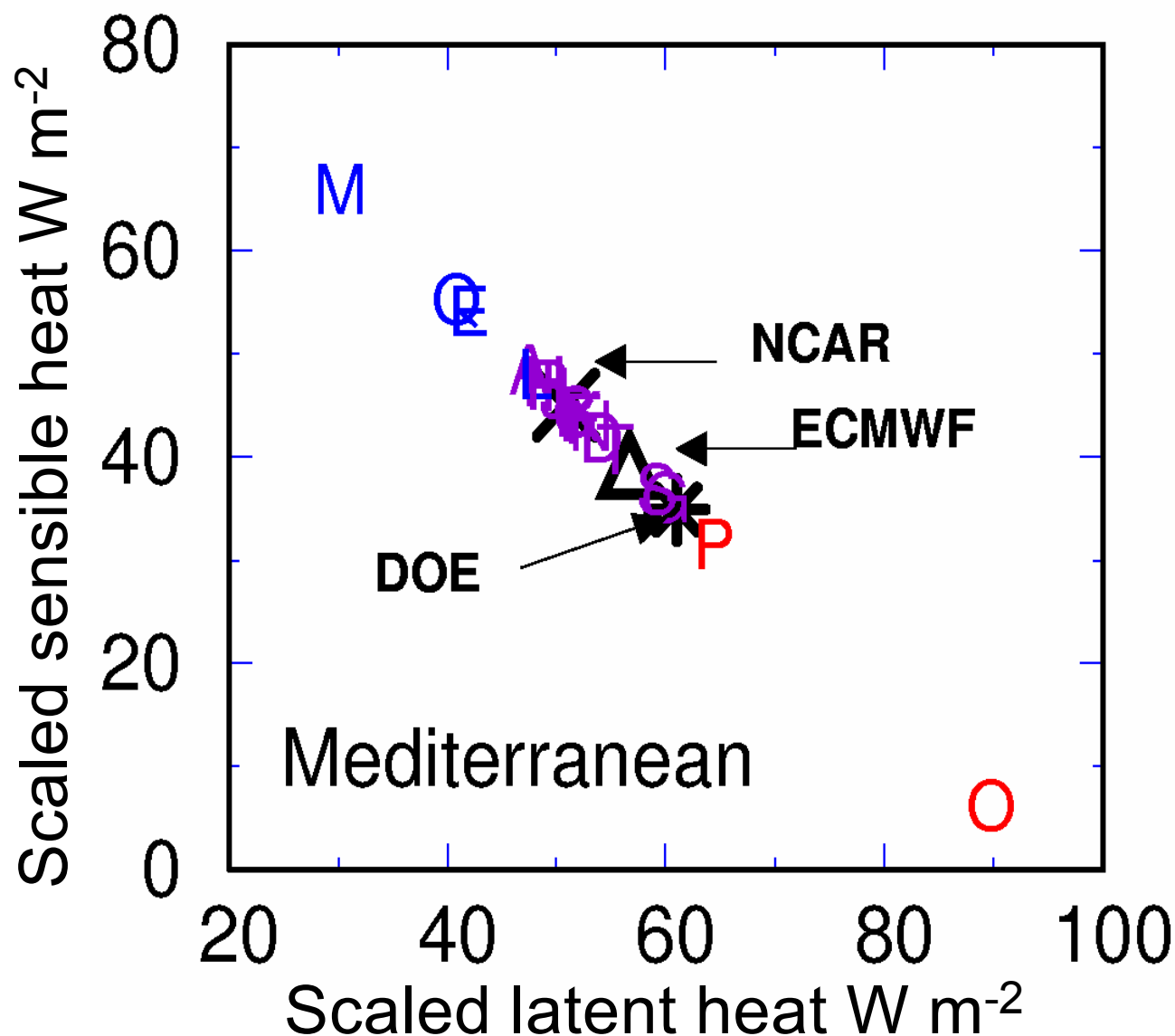
SEB not fully closed : assumes no net change in surface energy store.

AGCM P's downward longwave radiation is $30 \text{ W m}^{-2} > \text{AMIP average}$

Normalised SEB Using Reanalyses



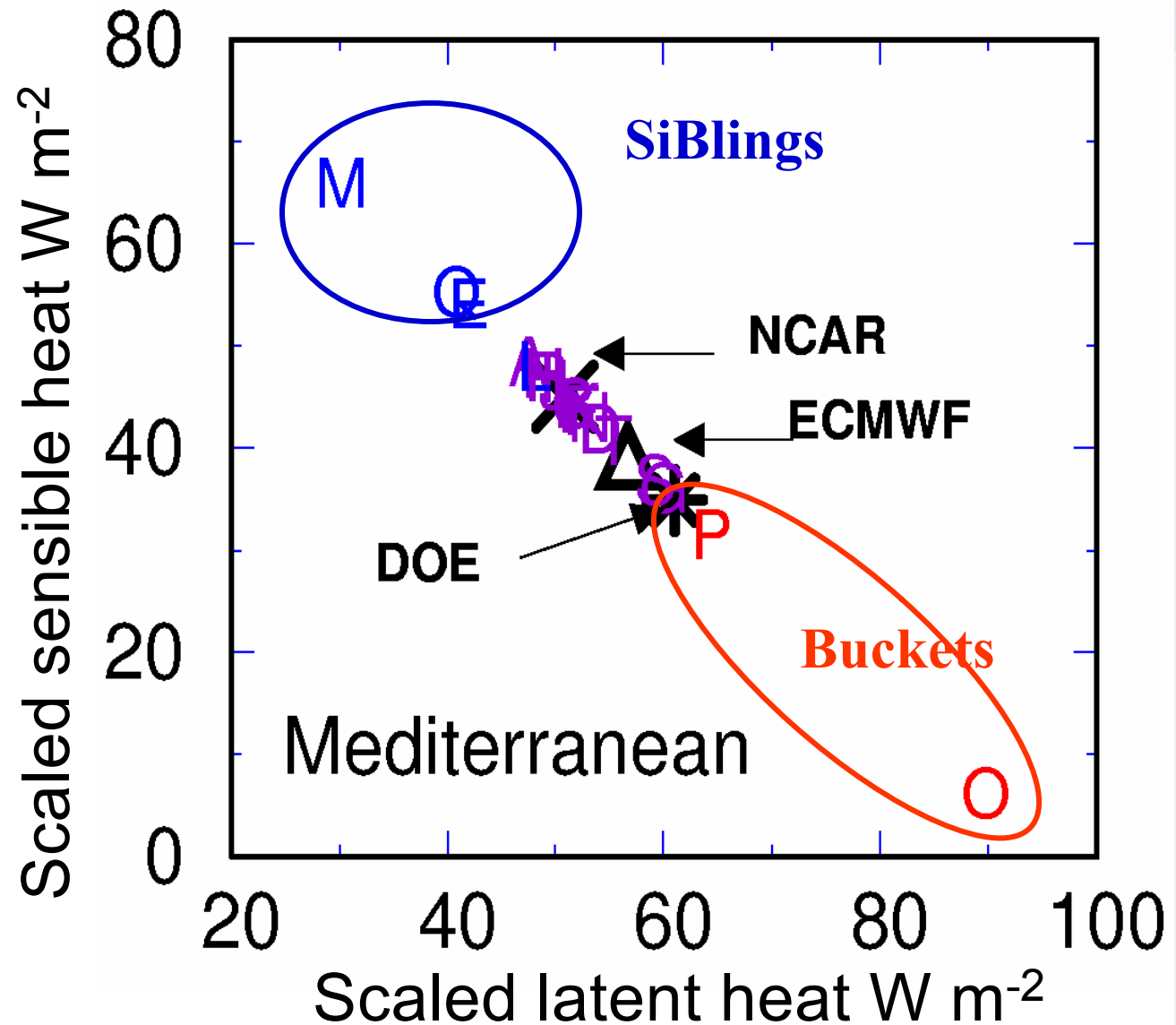
- SEB for each model normalised using the ensemble of the three re-analyses



Clusters Begin to Emerge



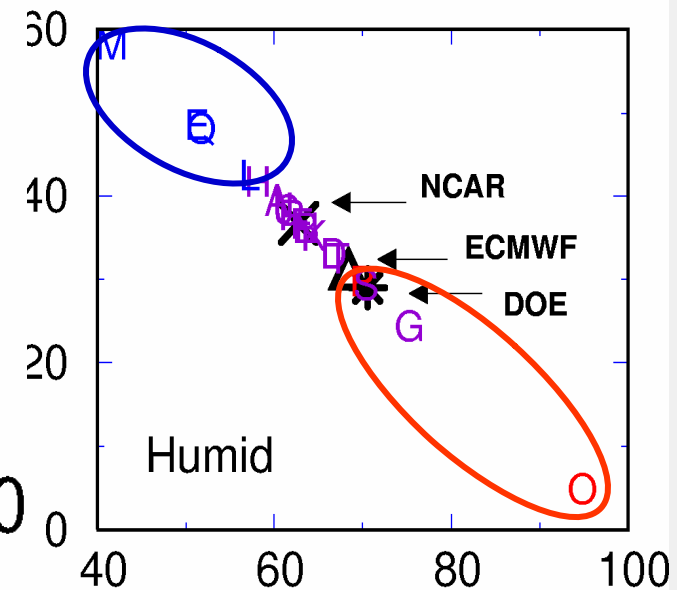
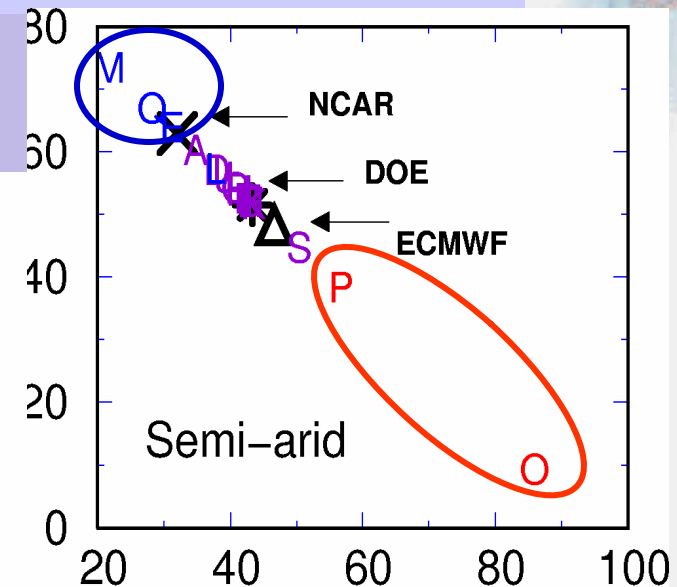
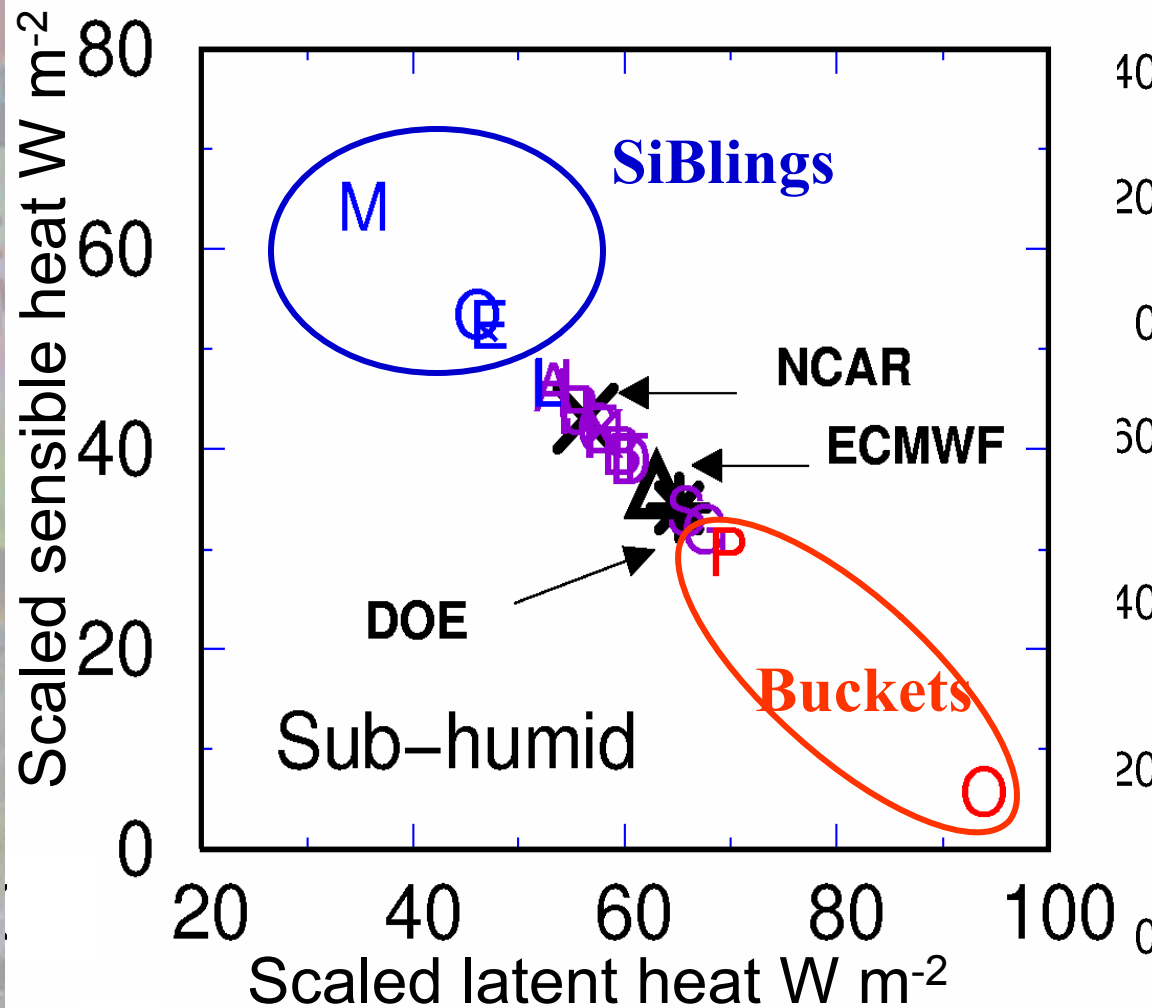
- M, Q, E & L are all SiB or SSiB called the SiBlings
- P & O are both Manabe 1969 'buckets'



LSS Clusters in All Climates



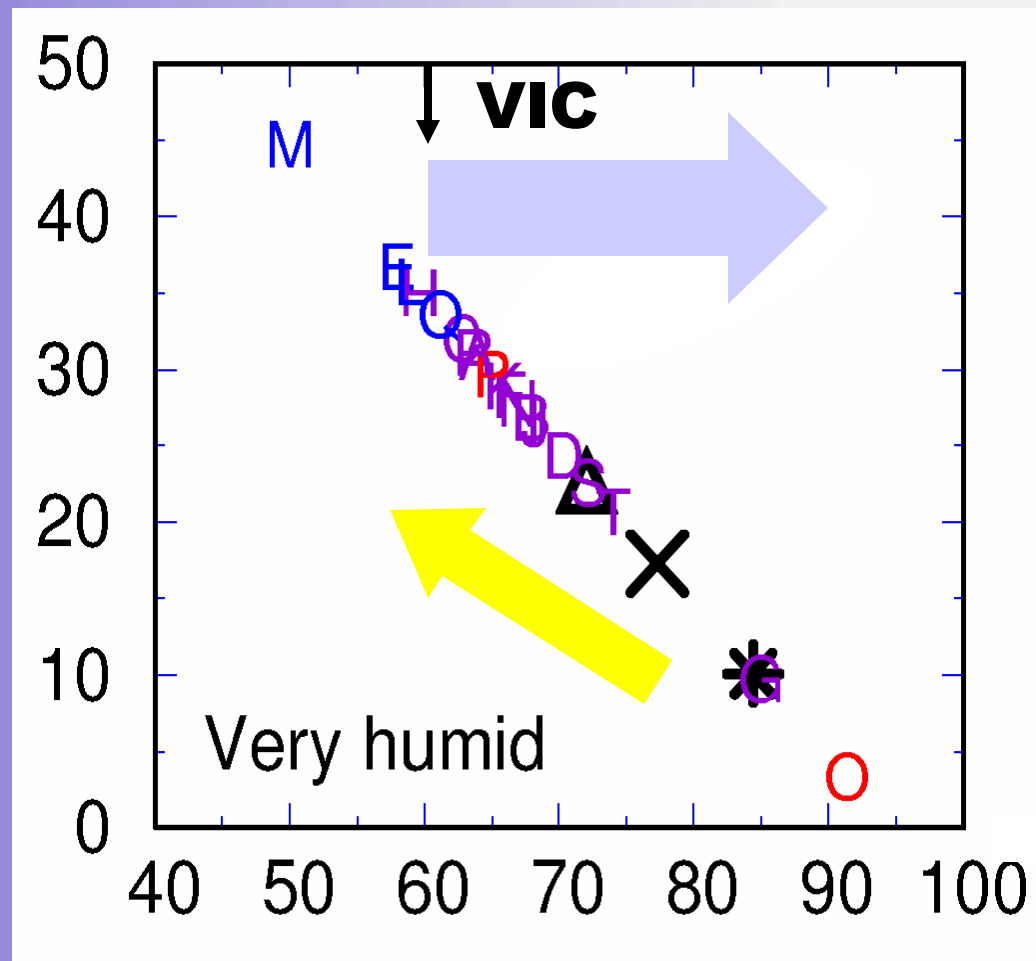
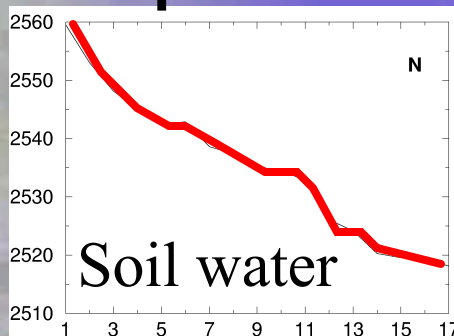
- SiBlings & buckets



Humid Climates a Challenge



- In wet climates (Humid, Very & Extremely Humid)
 - models & reanalyses overestimate latent heat compared to VIC
 - compared to reanalyses, models underestimate LH and over-estimate SH
 - some spin-up problems still



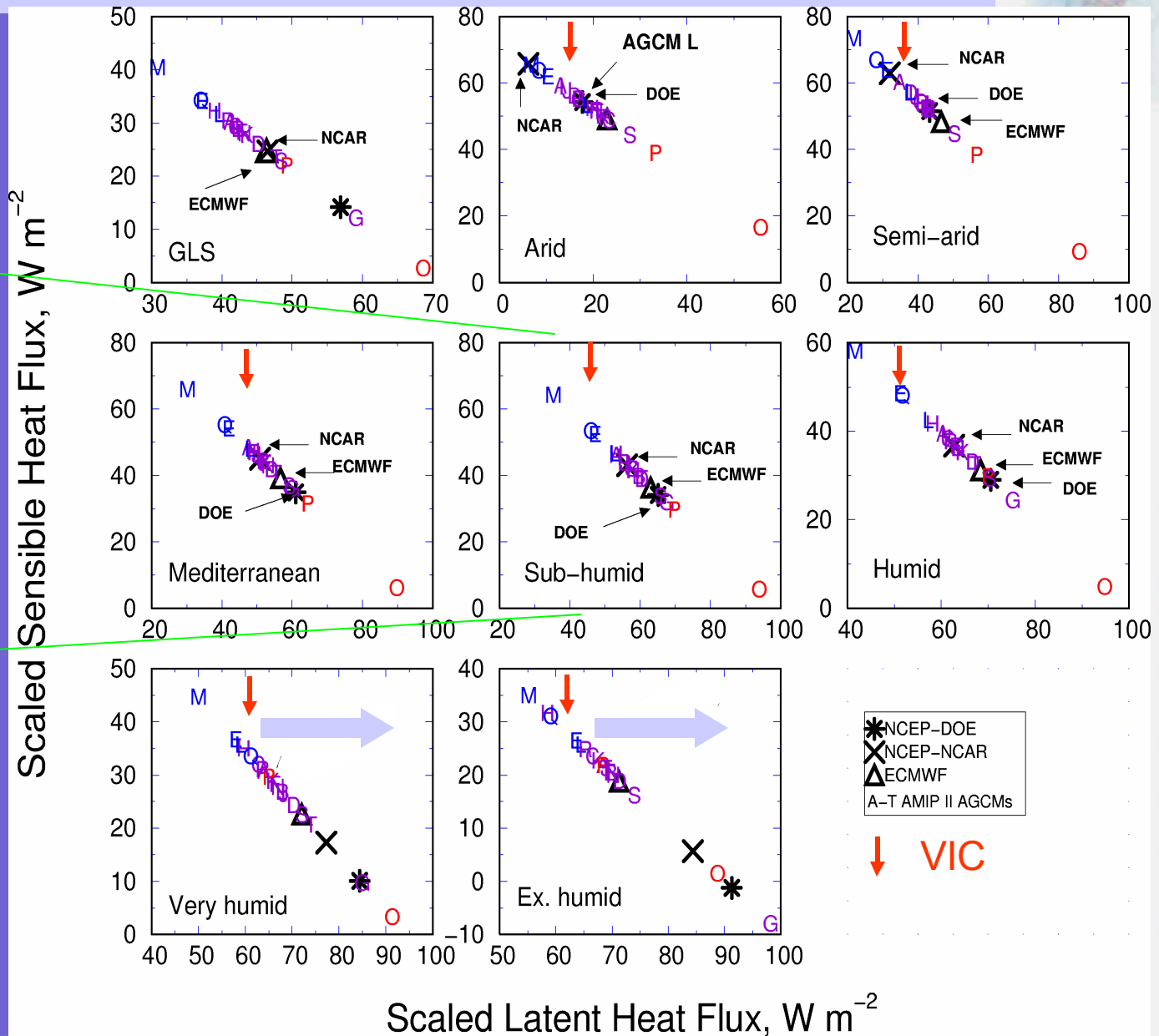
Evaluating Performance



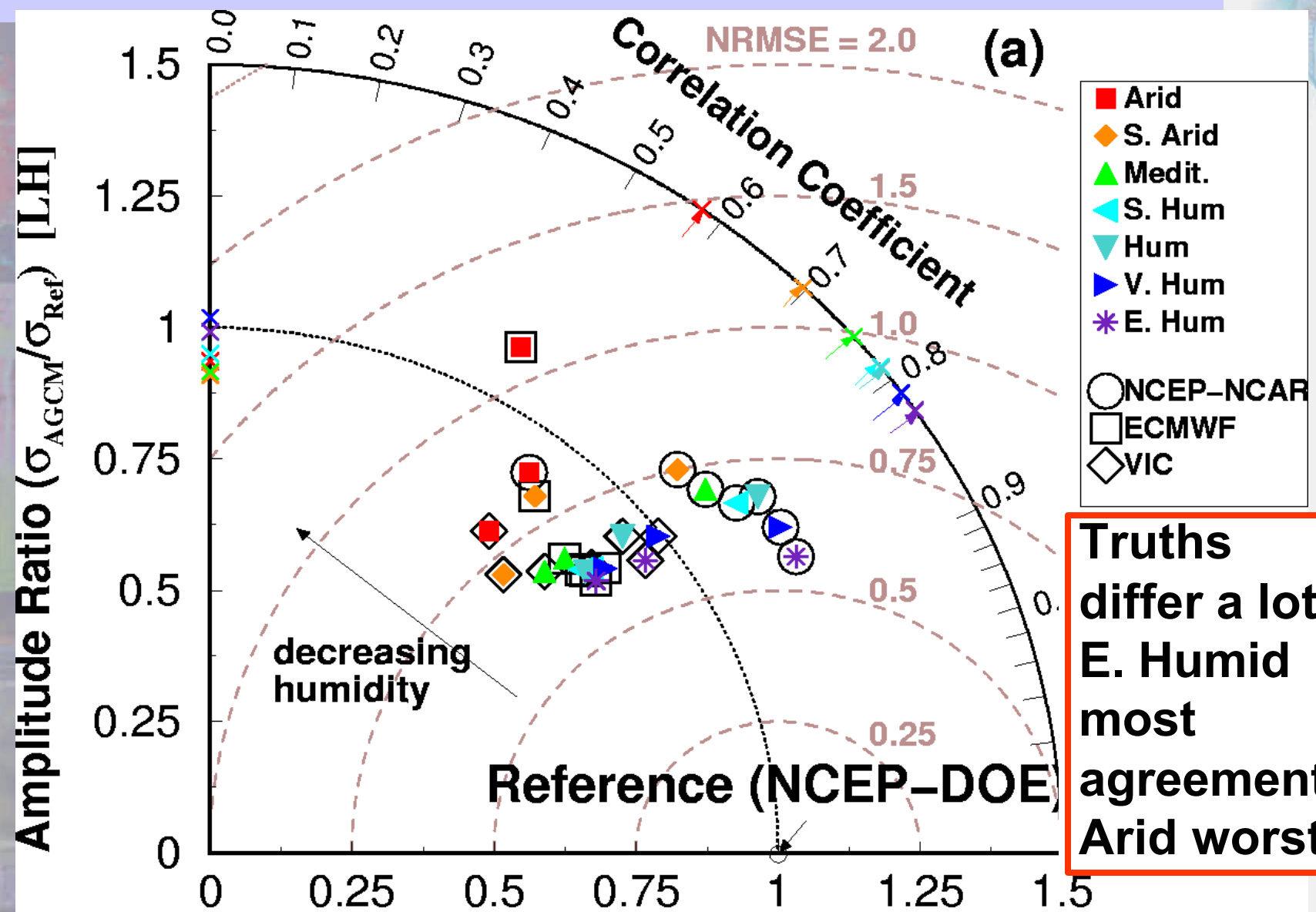
SiBlings best
cf. VIC

Intermediate
climates
hardest
because
reanalyses
agree best

LH too large
in wet
climates cf.
VIC



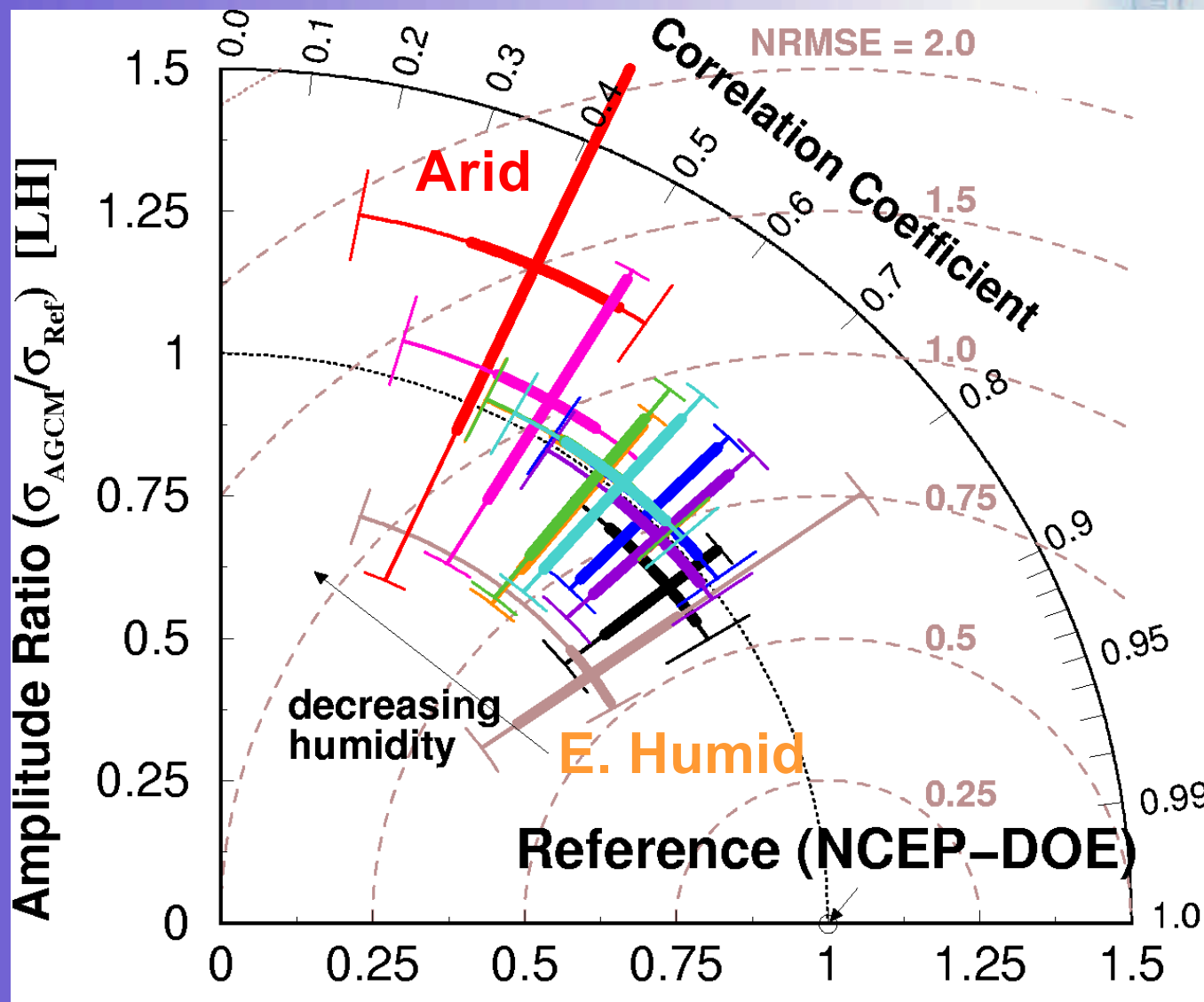
Spatio-temporal Correlation



Box-Whisker S-T Correlation



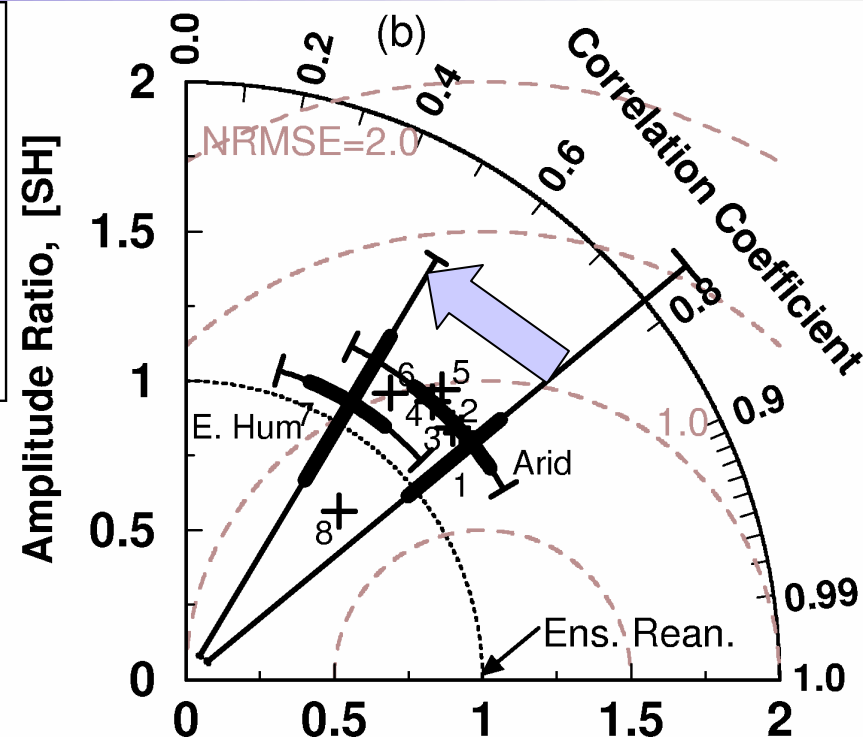
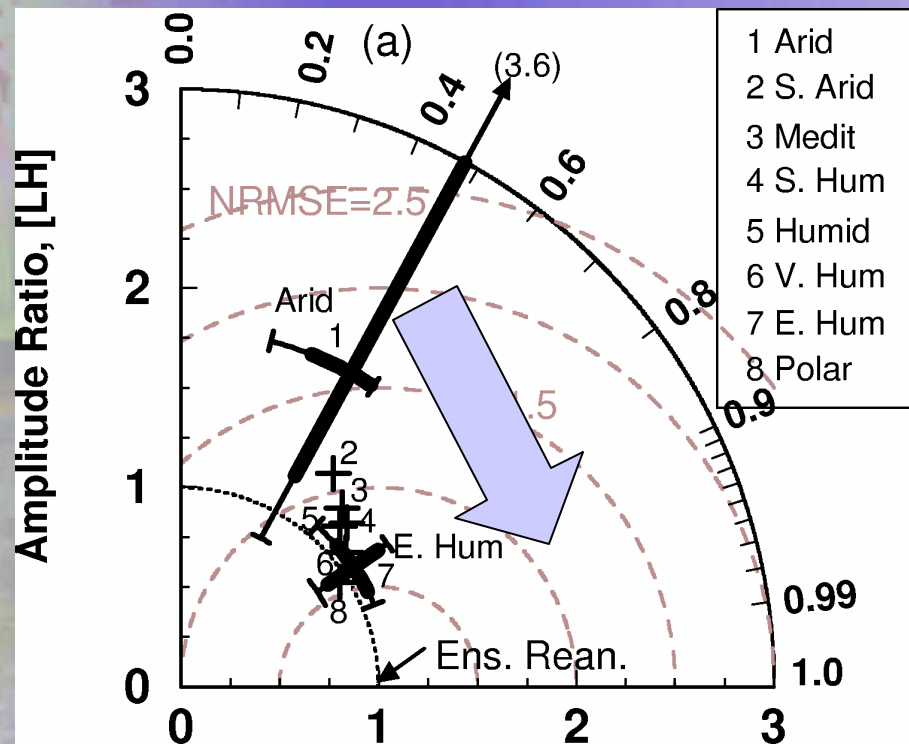
Box-whisker plots of models A to T show: latent heat correlation best in humid climates, worst in arid



Spatio-temporal Analysis



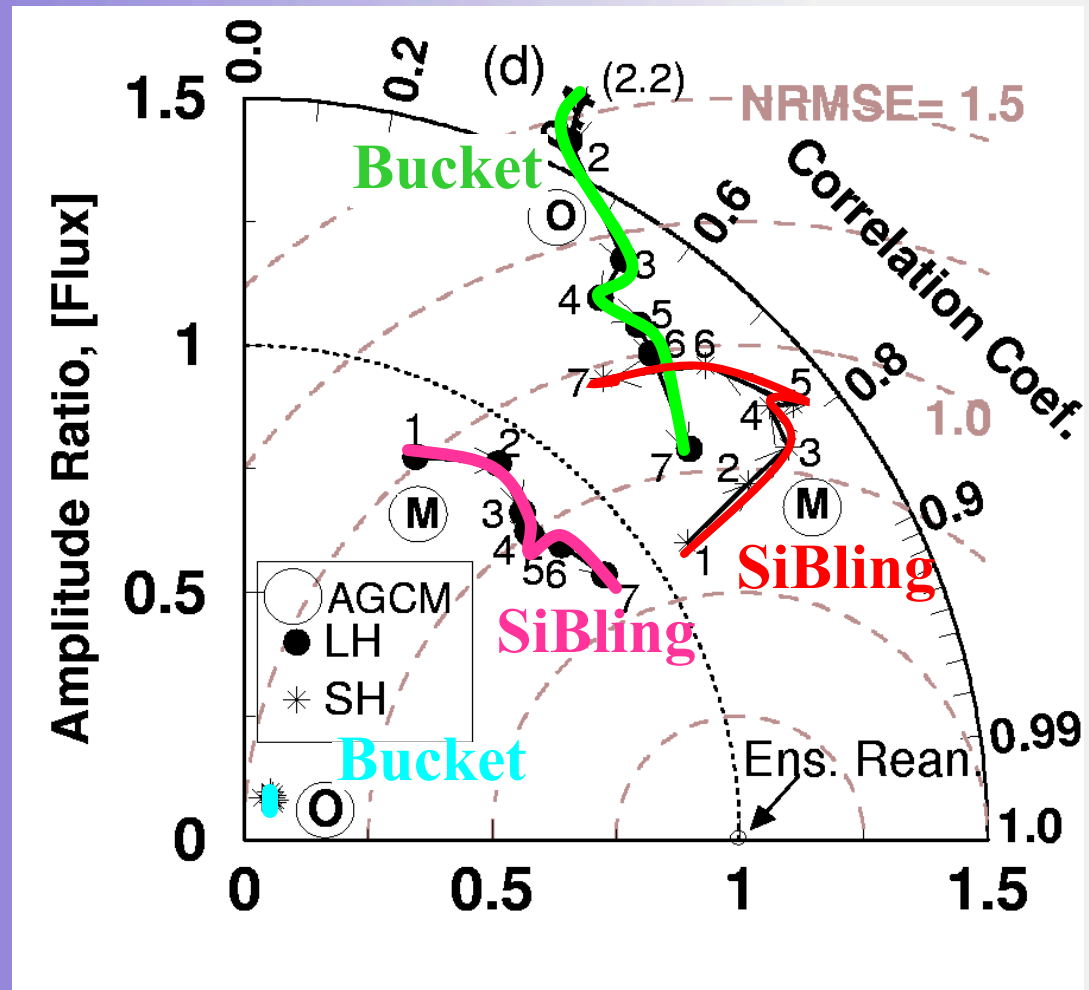
- LH migrates towards ensemble 'target' from Arid (worst) to E. Humid (best)
- SH opposite but ranges diminish less



Spatio-temporal Correlation

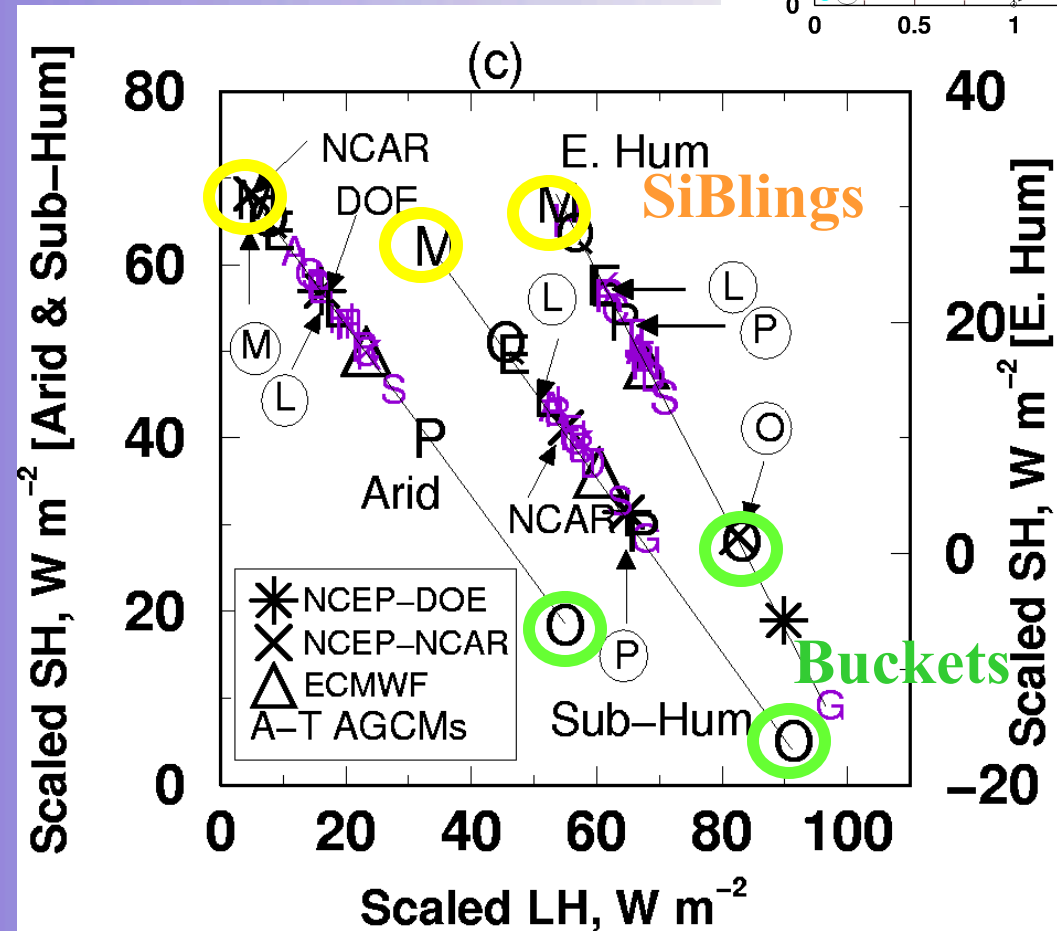
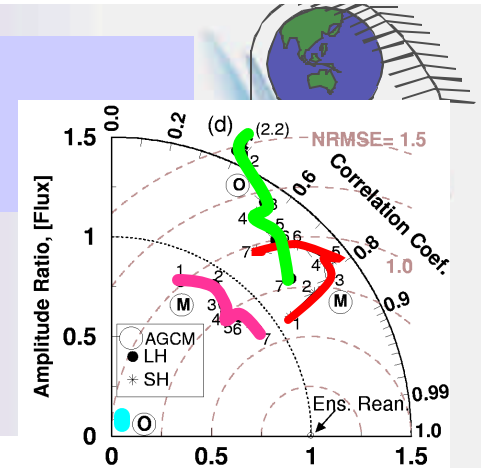


- Climate trajectories differ for SiBlings & buckets
- LH improves from Arid (worst) to E. Humid (best)
- SH flows the other way
- Bucket (O) SH v. small & low variability



Overview & Exciting Results

- Two clusters (SiBlings & buckets)
- Different trajectories in S-T space
- SiBlings best LH
- Intermediate climates hardest
- Humid climates overestimate LH
- Models predict lower LH than reanalyses
- S-T correlation best for wet





AMIP II Land-surfaces: Summary

- Land-surface energy budgets of 20 AMIP II models are overall better than those in AMIP I
 - all but three ‘reasonable’ energy residuals $\leq 2 \text{ W m}^{-2}$
 - for 11 the sum of fluxes lies within reanalyses
- ‘Truth’ for validation is still a problem
 - reanalyses disagree & differ from VIC (validated)
 - models near DOE (arid), NCAR(inter) & ECMWF(wet)
- SiBlings (a group) predict latent heat flux best
- Much more still to do
 - Intermediate climates hardest for models
 - For wet (humid) climates (spatio-temp. correlation is best)
 - models & reanalyses overestimate latent heat
 - compared to reanals, models underest LH & overest SH

Where to from Here?

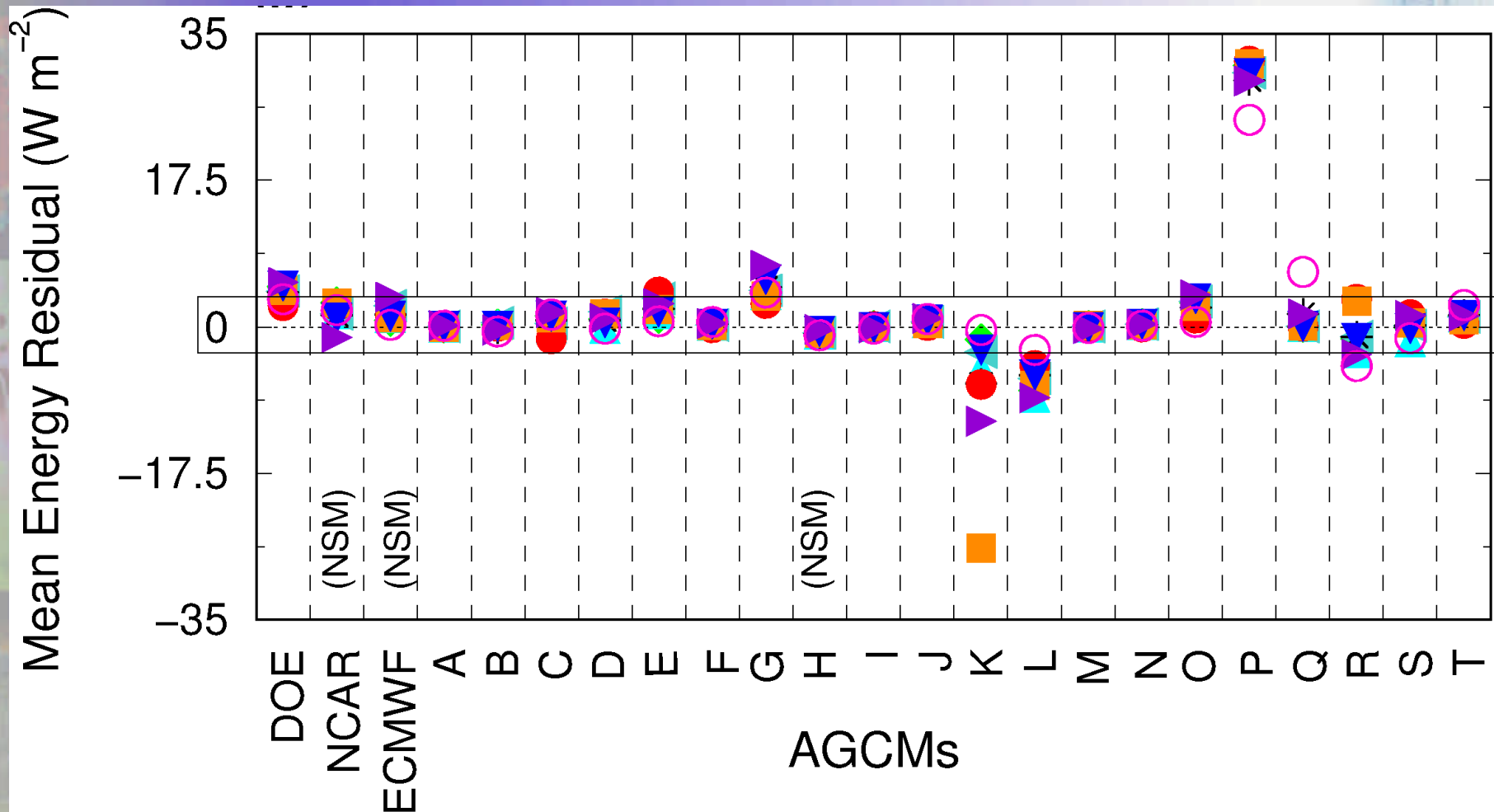


- Land-surface predictions *do* matter
 - agriculture, water resources, community comfort
- Good news is that community overall is improving predictions at the land surface
 - AMIP II has better LS skill than AMIP I
- Many schemes now get aspects of SEB right
- Buckets are too poor to be useful
- Complex LSS - such as SiB - can do very well
- Improvements can come from detailed analyses such as these & learning application
- AMIP III (!!) will have GREAT land-surface skill



AMIP II DSP 12

Land-surface Energy Budgets



- A few models have problems e.g. P & K ?and G



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